# **Specific Net Calorific Values**

#### Crude Oil\*

	toe/tonne
Saudi Arabia	1.016
United States	1.029
Russia	1.005
Iran	1.019
Venezuela	1.069
Mexico	1.019
Norway	1.024
China	1.000
United Kingdom	1.037
UAE	1.018

\* for selected countries.

#### Petroleum Products\*

	toe/tonne
Refinery gas	1.150
LPG	1.130
Ethane	1.130
Naphtha	1.075
Motor Gasoline	1.070
Jet Fuel	1.065
Kerosene	1.045
Gas/Diesel Oil	1.035
Heavy Fuel Oil	0.960
Other Products	0.960

\* selected products - average values.

### Coal\*

	toe/tonne
China	0.541
United States	0.632
India	0.441
South Africa	0.564
Australia	0.614
Russia	0.545
Poland	0.527
Kazakhstan	0.444
Ukraine	0.516
Germany	0.548

\* steam coal production for selected countries.

## Gross Calorific Values

# Conventions for Electricity

Natural Gas*		
	kJ/m <sup>3</sup>	
Russia	38231	
United States	38267	
Canada	38210	
Netherlands	33320	
United Kingdom	39708	
Indonesia	40600	
Algeria	42000	
Uzbekistan	37889	
Saudi Arabia	38000	
Norway	39520	

\*for selected countries (production). Note: to calculate the net heat content, the gross heat content is multiplied by 0.9.

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Figures for electricity production, trade, and final consumption are calculated using the energy content of the electricity (i.e. at a rate of 1 TWh = 0.086 Mtoe). Hydro-electricity production (excluding pumped storage) and electricity produced by other non-thermal means (wind, tide, photovoltaic, etc.) are accounted for similarly using 1 TWh = 0.086 Mtoe. However, the primary energy equivalent of nuclear electricity is calculated from the gross generation by assuming a 33% conversion efficiency, i.e. 1 TWh = (0.086 ÷ 0.33) Mtoe. In the case of electricity produced from geothermal heat, if the actual geothermal efficiency is not known, then the primary equivalent is calculated assuming an efficiency of 10%, so 1 TWh = (0.086 ÷ 0.1) Mtoe.

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