DRAFT For Antepresentation Commentary by Symposium Members

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ACTIVE CLIMATE STABILIZATION: Presently-Feasible Albedo-Control Approaches to Prevention of <u>Both</u> Types of Climate Change

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Opinions expressed herein are those of the authors only.

WHERE WE ARE

- The Earth's *remarkably* cold, these days
 - Lowest mean temperature percentile since the Cambrian Explosion, at start-Paleozoic, ~545 Mya

• But we believe we don't want it to warm up at all

- Indeed, since even a ~1% warming (~3±K) may be so bad, wouldn't a ~1% cooling be quite good?
 - Or are we 'magically' at precisely the "Goldilocks optimum?"
- And we're currently thinking of spending a lot of money-&-effort to turn a 'weak handle' on climate atmospheric [CO₂] to keep it from warming significantly, (most of) a century hence
 - When humanity's technological posture surely will be far different from today's (cf. 1929-54 postures)
- So what about (present-time) alternatives?
 - Why not consider changing the radiative properties of the Earth('s atmosphere), which directly control the temperature profiles of the Earth's fluid envelopes?
 - *Technical management* of radiative forcing vs.
 bureaucratic management of atmospheric inputs

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT I.How to do it? What's the cost? What are the uncertainties? the 'externalities'?

- See, e.g., <u>http://www.llnl.gov/global-warm/</u>
- <u>Not</u> a new subject; many ideas are non-novel
 - E.g., see Web page papers for references
- This work: albedo engineering-extension/-optimization
 - Minimization of masses, costs, uncertainties, side-effects, ...
 - ...with a few new schemes added, e.g., prevention of Ice Ages
 - Basic implementation considerations
- Respect for the pertinent mandate of the <u>UN</u> <u>Framework Convention on Climate Change</u>
 - "...policies and measures to deal with climate change should be cost-effective so as to ensure global benefits at the lowest possible cost."
 - What's the least expensive way to stabilize the climate at whatever the desired value(s) may be?
- Prevention of abrupt-onset 'climate catastrophes' – E.g., 5-15 K 'cold snaps' GRIP-seen during Eemian

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT II. • (Projected-to-2100±) warming problem scale

- Want to reject $\sim 2\%$ of sunlight-equivalent

 - I.e., ~4 Watts/m², space- & time-averaged
 Atmospheric [CO₂] of 560 ppm (2X 1890 level)
- Equivalent to blocking $\sim 10^6$ km² of Earth's disc
- Desire Earth's thermal radiation to pass *out*, and/or while Sun's light doesn't come in
- (Projected-to-3000±) cooling problem scale
 - $-2150\pm$ [CO₂] pulse then sunk into ocean
 - Want to gain extra $\sim 4\%$ of sunlight-equivalent
 - Desire Earth's thermal radiation to stay in, and/or while extra sunlight also comes in
- Require all 'standard features' of techno-fixes
 - Automatic, certain, reasonably-fast reversibility
 - Min. unpleasant/max. pleasant side-effects
 - Low costs, some collateral benefits(?),
 - $-\sim 20X$ wavelength factor available to exploit

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT III.

- So we scatter away some fraction ~2% of the 2100± insolation. What then?
 - Earth's space- and time-<u>averaged</u> temperature *must* drop to the desired 'previous value,' <u>but</u>...
 - ...everybody's climate *surely* gets messed up!
 [Schneider, 1996]
 - And 'mere' preservation of averages doesn't "do the job" all of the meso-climates (politically) must be left unchanged

Surprise! "You can have it all!"

- Govindasamy & Caldeira [2%, 2000; 4%, 2002]:
- Present climatic system has 'deep fundamental modes'
- Mesoscale climatic features are invariant under the geoengineering-of-interest <u>everywhere</u>, all the time!
 - Even through spatially-uniform insolation-decrement forcing has <u>very</u> different space- and time-dependences, relative to CO₂ atmospheric forcing: *"Marine 'geography'+sea-ice <u>are</u> destiny"*

• Ditto re +4% insolation in ~3000 to stop the Ice Age

- This degree of climate linearity on the 'warming side' has been model-demonstrated by Caldeira, et al. [2002]





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YES, they can!!

 $2 \times CO_2$ with 1.7% insolation reduction

Ref: Govindasamy and Caldeira (2000)

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT: WAYS-&-MEANS I.

- How best to decrement insolation by ~2%?
- Controlled scattering of incoming sunlight back into space, by *sub-microscopic* minimum-feature-size

- *Dielectrics* – e.g., ~100 nm sulfate aerosol-spherules

- Metals e.g., "UV chaff," super-P metal balloon-ettes
- Resonant scatterers e.g., coated dye molecules
- $\sim 10^6:10^2:1$ 'raw' mass-ratios; $\sim 1:20:2$ 'dressed'
- 'Engineered scatterers' put into the stratosphere
 - Low-rent, unused 'territory' infinite momentum-sink
 - Variety of positioning technologies are readily available
 - E.g., stay below ozone layer <u>and</u> *actively* altitude-seek
 - Mid-term (~5 yr.) *passive* positional stability (aerosols)
 - Mid-Tropical Stratospheric Reservoir ~20-25 km altitude
 - 'Known to work' scheme so noted by '92 NAS Study
 - Dyson & Marland ('79) proposed for [CO₂] warming mitigation
 - Explosive volcanic ejecta "exp'ts." El Chichon; Mt. Pinatubo
 - 10-30% of desired-in-2100 cooling effects have been <u>observed</u>
 Albeit 'dirty,' grossly-oversized aerosol lofted to too-low altitudes

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT: WAYS-&-MEANS II. Issues of blue-violet (e.g., Rayleigh, "optical chaff") scattering of insolation - Less solar UV - λ^{-4} dependence (Rayleigh) • Deep UV ($\lambda \leq 320$ nm) is severely attenuated - Below the ozone layer - layer's photophysics isn't perturbed - Lower-air radiative heating decreases with spectral red'n. • Less sunburn, skin dysplasia, dermal cancers - Lower medical bills, pain-&-suffering, fear,... • Less photodamage to plants, e.g., food-crops - (Substantially) higher agricultural productivity • Bluer mid-day skies • More spectacular (redder) twilights - No perceptible loss of visible/photosynthetic light • "Just as (optically) bright, but slightly cooler" Common features of all warming-prevention proposed stratospheric scattering systems - Variability in λ -dependence, mass-efficiency, cost,...

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT: WAYS-&-MEANS III.

- Operational mass and cost scales
 - For 2% insolation reduction
 - Replacement of steady-state 'natural' attenuation
 - *Dielectrics:* largest annual mass (~1 MT 10^{12} gm) & cost (~\$1 B)
 - E.g., lofted by a 'wing' of ~6 high-altitude cargo aircraft
 - Metals: lowest annual mass (~0.05 MT) & cost (~\$0.2 B)
 - **Resonant scatterers**: intermediate annual mass (~0.5 MT) and upper-end cost (~\$1 B)
 - Earth-Sol 'L-1' Deflector System: 0.00003 MT (!)
 - Total mass of 3,000 T emplaced over 100 yrs. zero maintenance
 1 Shuttle-launch per year of construction mass (10⁴ km² area)
 - 'Raw' cf. 10 MT previous design; ~0.01 MT 'dressed'
 - ~30 μ m-pitch (e.g., Al) metal screen with ~25 nm 'ribs'
 - Presently indeterminate cost clearly the long-term winner
 - <u>Enduring</u> defense against Ice Ages <u>and</u> warming episodes – Positioned *slightly-off* or *on* the Earth-Sun line, respectively, as needed
 - Side effects issues
 - Possible stratospheric (photo)chemistry impacts
 - Particulates can be engineered to be low-reactivity & -'hanging'
 - Likewise for optical chaff & super-pressure balloon-ettes
 - Scatterers 'wash out' in polar vortex precipitation
 - Aerosols: small fraction of existing air-borne particulate and chemically similar/identical (e.g., SO_2 , Al_2O_3 ,..)
 - Al UV chaff and metallic super-pressure balloon-ettes: wet oxidation in troposphere during descent converts into Al_2O_3 dust

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT: WAYS-&-MEANS IV.

- Side effects issues, cont'd.
 - Plants and animals both do better with less solar UV and the same visible insolation and, <u>crucially</u>, additional CO_2 'aero-fertilization'
 - Land-plant 'primary productivity' nearly doubles (2X)
 - {IBIS+CCM3} model-estimates; 4X much better than 2X
 - Govindasamy, Caldeira & Duffy [2002]
 - More CO₂ 'food' assisted by less thermal-transpiration stress
 - Imputed agricultural economic gains not much less than $\frac{1}{T/yr}$.
 - Feeding the 3-4 B additional people in 2100 now looks do-able without requiring more major food-production 'miracles'
 - Moreover, regions of 'primary productivity' gains map well onto areas of greatest estimated human population growth
 - All near-surface animals and all plants thrive with lessened photodamage (i.e., due to drastically reduced UV-B)
 - Energy spent repairing photodamage now goes to growth
 - People are less threatened by sunburn, skin cancer
 - Estimated economic savings of ~\$20 B/yr. and ~ 10^5 lives

Net Primary Productivity (NPP) Control (1 X CO₂)



Ref: Govindasamy, Caldeira & Duffy (2002)

RADIATIVE FORCING MANAGEMENT: WAYS-&-MEANS V. • Ice Age prevention

- May now be ~5 millennia overdue [Ruddiman, 2003]
 - Mid-Holocene forest-clearing, agricultural onset "near miss"?
- After most of early 3rd Millennium CO₂ pulse is ocean-sunk, what halts re-glaciation in Canada's north?
- Three approaches to "inexhaustible" greenhouse
 - "LWIR chaff": 10 μm mesh Al screen & 0.1 μm 'ribs'
 - Comparable areal mass-density as "UV chaff"
 - Annual stratospheric lofting requirements of ~0.1 MT/year for +4 K mean global temperature-increase: ~\$0.4 B annual cost

- Semiconductor (e.g., Si)-walled super-P balloon-ettes

- Again, pass optical insolation; reflect Earth-sourced LWIR
- Near-L-1 diffractive screen moves aside from Earth-Sun axis, scatters 'missed' insolation onto the Earth
 - Same screen as precluded 'excessive' warming earlier
 - "Tacks" a bit differently into Sun's radiation+gravitational pressure
 - Agricultural benefit retained photosynthetic light enhanced

CONCLUSIONS I.

- Active technical management of radiative forcing (albedo engineering) has an all-planet estimated cost of \$0.2-1 B/year – for a 2% insolation reduction
 - Depending on particular technology chosen
 - 4 independent ones to choose from
 - Aerosols, "UV chaff," super-P metallic balloon-ettes, L-1 shade
 - 3 practical immediately and 1 is performance-proven
 - Quickly, cheaply, reversibly testable in sub-scale
- Tiny cost, compared to \$N <u>hundred</u> B/year for bureaucratic management of gas inputs

- 1<N<4, for U.S. alone (variously estimated)

 <u>UN Framework Convention on Climate Change's</u> Article III clearly mandates technical (vs. bureaucratic) management

- "...ensure global benefits at the lowest possible cost."
 - Art. III, Sect. 3

CONCLUSIONS II.

- Human interests clearly demand active technical (vs. bureaucratic) management of 'global warming'
 - *Twice as great land-plant 'primary productivity' is on-offer*The 'green side' of 2X increased atmospheric [CO₂]

 - Better nutrition for the 21st century's greatly increased population without more food-production miracles being required
 - More-&-better food gained for the same effort, cost, land-use, water, ...
 - Greatly reduced "sun damage" to humans-&-property, plants,...
 - Enhanced atmospheric aesthetics: sunrises/sunsets, sky-blueness,...
 - An experimental program to explore stratospheric scatterers *in sub-scale* should commence forthwith
 - 'Standard' theoretical/modeling/experimental program
 - Scoped at ~\$1 B for first third-decade's effort
 - With all plausibly-significant side-effects examined concurrently
 - Tenth of the \$3+ B/year currently spent on 'global change' studies
 - Amply justified purely as insurance re rapid-onset climate change
 - Experimental effects auto-liquidate in half-decade time-frames
 No *rational* concerns re lasting <u>or</u> large-scale implications
 - Instruments very readily detect $10^{-4} \Delta I/I$ insolation scattering
 - E.g., $\sim 10^{-2}$ of sub-scale, relative to Mt. Pinatubo's stratospheric loading
 - All nations' scientists-&-engineers should participate
 - A commonly-owned problem calls for a jointly-developed solution
 - <u>Every</u> person's right to a decent 'energy standard-of-living' respected

 Severe energy rationing not "crammed down the throat" of the Third World
 <u>Already</u> a widely *rejected* gambit self-evidently an unethical one